

Rana Abubakar Khan

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truefriendlion@gmail.com

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MTH301 Final Term Paper shared by Student

<u>AluzY КнлN</u> on August 18, 2017 at 6:29pm

Today is my paper.....

total question is 52.

40 mcqs & 12 subjective question.

4 question 2 marks, 4 question 3 marks & 4 question 5 marks.

70% mcqs moaz file se thy.

or subjective question

2 subjective question even, odd or neither function k bare m thy

1 question grad div.A K bare m tha.

or 1 question chain rule wala tha.

MTH301 Final Term Paper shared by Student

by ALI ALI on August 19, 2017 at 7:35pm

Asslam o Alikum

MCQZ 60% from moazz file and book also.



subjective:

1.Determine the fourier co-efficient a0 of the following function. $f x x x () 0 2 = 2 \pi$ 2..Determine the fourier co-efficient bn of the following function

3. double integral

4. Prove whether the following function is even, odd or neither. fx=x3ex

5.Curl (curl of a vector function) find krna tha 6.rectangular coordinates find krny thy from polar coordinates given thy

x=rsintheta

y=rcostheta formula

7.chan rule apply krna tha

```
8.Use Wallis sine formula to evaluate
5
sin x dx
```

9. critical points find out krny thy

10. odd and even function find krny thy.



Question#1) Prove whether the following function is even, odd or neither. $f(x) = x^3 + x^2$ (2 Marks)

Question#2) Given . Find scalar triple product of these vectors. $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \sqrt{2}i + 3j$ and $\vec{c} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i + k$ (2 Marks) Question#3) Given the equations of two curves $y = x^2$ and $y = \sqrt{x}$ Find the intersecting points of these curves. (2 Marks) Question#4) Find ||r(t)|| where $(t) = t\hat{i} + (t-1)\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ (2 Marks)

Question#5) Determine whether the following differential is exact or not. $dz = (2xy+6x) dx + (x^2+2y^3) dy$

(3 Marks)

Question#6) What is the arc-length of the curve $\vec{r}(t) = (4+3t)\hat{i} + (2-2t)\hat{j}$ when $3 \le t \le 4$

(3 Marks)

Question#7) If
$$g = f(x, y, z)$$

 $x = x(r, s, t)$
 $y = y(r, s, t)$
 $z = z(r, s, t)$
State the chain rule for $\frac{\partial g}{\partial t}$
(3 Marks)

Question#9) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{4} \int_{0}^{2} (6x^{2} + 4xy^{3}) dx dy$ (5 Marks)

$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_{0}^{\sin\theta} \int_{0}^{r\cos\theta} dr \, d\theta$$



Question#10) Evaluate the following double integral

(5 Marks)

Question#11) Evaluate the following line integral with respect to arc-length s

$$\int_{C} \left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right) ds \quad \text{where C is the curve} \quad x = t, \quad y = \frac{2}{3}t^{\frac{3}{2}} \quad and \quad 0 \le t \le 3$$
(5 Marks)

Question#12) Determine whether the following vector field \vec{F} is conservative or not. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (4x - z)\hat{i} + (3y + z)\hat{j} + (y - x)\hat{k}$ (5 Marks)



Calculus II (MTH	301)								
Question: 1	(Marks: 1)					Attempted Que:	tions: 0	Total Questions:	52
Match the vector	r-valued function	with its graph.							
$r(t) = (a\cos t)i$	$+(a\sin t)j+(ct)k$	where a and c are pos	itive constants and	$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$					
		where it and e are pos	anti constants and						
Choices:									
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TIME LEFT								Last Que	estion
120				_	0				
Question: 2	(Marks: 1)		_	_		Attempted Que	stions: 1	Total Questions:	52
Match the follow	wing vector-value	d function with its grap	ph.						
$r(t) = t \hat{i} + t^2 \hat{j} + t$	$t^3 \hat{k}$ $t \ge 0$								
	and								
					29				
Choices:									
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TIME LEFT							I o I o		11 -



Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 3 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 2 Total Questions: 52
What are the parametric equations that correspond to the following vector equation?	1 II
$\vec{r}(t) = \sin^2 t \hat{i} + (1 - \cos 2t) \hat{j}$	
	-
Choices:	
$x = \sin^2 t$, $y = 1 - \cos 2t$, $z = 0$	<u>_</u>
······································	
$y = \sin t$, $x = 1 - \cos 2t$, $z = 0$	
o	
$x = \sin^2 t$, $y = 1 - \cos 2t$, $z = 1$	Â
•	
	÷
$x = \sin^2 t$, $y = \cos 2t$, $z = 1$	*
•	
TIME LEFT	
119	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 4 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 3 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 4 (Marks: 1) What are the parametric equations that correspond to the following vector equation?	Attempted Questions: 3 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 4 (Marks: 1) What are the parametric equations that correspond to the following vector equation? $r(t) = (2t-1)\hat{i} - 3\sqrt{t}\hat{j} + \sin 3t\hat{k}$	Attempted Questions: 3 Total Questions: 52
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Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 6 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 5 Total Questions: 52
The following differential is exact	4
$dz = (x^2y + y) dx - x dy$	5
	17
Choices:	
True	
6	
	-
False	
•	
TIME LEFT	
116	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 7 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question:7(Marks: 1)The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question:7(Marks: 1)The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question:7(Marks: 1)The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
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Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: Choices:	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
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Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True \Im \Im Θ \square	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True \Im \Im \bullet \Box False False	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True \boxed{P} \boxed{P} \bigcirc </td <td>Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52</td>	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True $False$ False	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True $False$ $False$	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Image: Choices: Choices: Image: Choices: True Image: Choices: False Image: Choices: Image: Choices: Image: Cho	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Image: Choices: Choices: Image: Choices: True Image: Choices: False Image: Choices:	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True False Image: Choice of the second secon	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52
Question: 7 (Marks: 1) The following differential is exact $dz = (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$ Choices: True Image: True b Image: Palse Image: True Image: True Image: True Ima	Attempted Questions: 6 Total Questions: 52



Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 9 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 8 Total Questions: 52
Which one of the following is correct Wallis Cosine formula when n is even and $n \ge 2$?	
Choices:	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{n} x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{\pi} x dx = \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	
TIME LEFT 115	
Question: 10 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 11 Total Questions: 52
Which one of the following is correct Wallis Cosine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$?	
Cholcor	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	
$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^{n} x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$	



Ca	Calculus II (MTH301)	Total Questions	50
u T	\vec{r}	Total Questions.	32
co	Which of the following condition must be satisfied for a vector field to be a conservative vector field?		15
	Choices		1
	$\vec{F} = 0$		
0			
_			+
	grad $\vec{F} = 0$		Ó
0	·		
-	$div \vec{F} = 0$		
Q			
			-
	$curl \vec{F} = 0$		Ó
		100 million (100 m	A CONTRACTOR OF
Ca	Calculus II (MTH301) Calculus II (MTH301) Attempted Questions: 12	Total Questions:	52
Ca Q	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{-}$	Total Questions:	52
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ?	Total Questions:	52
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ?	Total Questions:	52
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ?	Total Questions:	52
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices:	Total Questions:	52 *
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0	Total Questions:	52 *
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0	Total Questions:	52 E
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices:	Total Questions:	52 E
Ca Q W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0 1	Total Questions:	52 *
Ca W W	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0 1	Total Questions:	52 * E
	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) Attempted Questions: 12 $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total Questions:	52
	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) Attempted Questions: 12 $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Total Questions:	52 *#
	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) Attempted Questions: 12 $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Total Questions:	52
	Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices: Choices:	Total Questions:	
	Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 13 (Marks: 1) Attempted Questions: 12 $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{3}$ What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? Choices: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total Questions:	52 E
	Choices: 0 1 1 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ Does not exist $\frac{1}{3}$	Total Questions:	



Que	estion: 15	(Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Wh	at is the perio	$f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{2}$ od of a periodic function defined by ?		
Cho	bices:			
ð	$\frac{\pi}{2}$			
	π			
5	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$			
5	4π			
				_







Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 18 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 17 Total Questions: 52
Let ^L denotes the Laplace Transform.	
$L{F(t)} = f(s)$ where ^s is a constant, then which of the following equal	ion holds?
Choices:	
$L\{t F(t)\} = -\frac{d}{d}\{f(s)\}$	
e ds ds ds	
$L\{t \ F(t)\} = f(s+t)$	
•	
$L\{t \ F(t)\} = f(s)$	
0	
-	-
$\bigcirc L\{tF(t)\} = \int_{\Sigma} f(s) ds$	
	•
TIME LEFT	
Calculus II (MTH301)	Attempted Questions: 19 Total Questions: 52
$f(x) = x^3 e^x$	
ine function is	=
Choices:	
Even function	
0	
Odd function	A
0	
Neither even nor odd	Â
•	
TIME LEFT	



Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 21 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 20) Total Questions:	52
Sign of line integral is reversed when			
			E
			5
Choices:			
path of integration is divided into parts.			
			1
			5
path of integration is parallel to y-axis.			C
direction of path of integration is reversed.			
•			
path of integration is parallel the -axis.			
Part of antiplated is Parameters			E
TIME LEFT	A A A A		0
108			
Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 22 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 21	Total Questions:	52
Let the functions $P(x, y)$ and $Q(x, y)$ are finite and continuous inside and at the			- Ô
(P dx + O dy)			-
boundary of a closed curve C in the xy-plane. If is an exact differential			
then			
$\oint (P dx + O dy) =$			
$\varphi(x, ax + \varphi, ay) = c$			
Choices:			
Zero			^
•			
			-
Care by			
•			
			-
Infinite			^
	aller and an an	M	



Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 24 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 23 Total Questions: 52
What is the value of $L\{e^{it}\}$ if L denotes laplace transform?	
	man .
Choices:	
$L\{e^{s_1}\} = \frac{1}{s-5}$	
$L\{e^{5t}\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + 25}$	
$L(e^{s_1}) = \frac{5}{2}$	
s ² +25	
$L\{e^{st}\} = \frac{5!}{s^5}$	ĺ
TIME LEFT 107	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 25 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 24 Total Questions: 52
5	
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$	
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ Choices:	unit.
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ Choices: $L^1\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 5t$	
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ Choices: $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 5t$ $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \cos 5t$	
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ Choices: $L^{1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 5t$ $L^{1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \cos 5t$ $L^{1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 25t$	
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ Choices: $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 5t$ $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \cos 5t$ $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 25t$ $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 25t$	
What is Laplace Inverse Transform of $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ Choices: $L^1\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 5t$ $L^1\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \cos 5t$ $L^1\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \sin 25t$ $L^1\left\{\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \cos 25t$ TIME LEFT	



Calculus II (MTH301)	
question: $2/$ (Marks: 1) $\int (x_2) dx + y^2 dy$	Attempted Questions: 26 Total Questions: 52
$\int_{C} (xy) ax + y dy$	
Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (0, 0) to	
(0, 3).	
	•
Choices:	
Ö	
4	<u>^</u>
	N
	-
0	â
-4	
•	
TIME LEFT	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 28 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 27 Total Questions: 52
A vector field is a vector each of whose components is a scalar field	
	-
Choices:	
True	
	-
0	
False	
be	
0	



Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 30 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 29 Total Questions: 52
	<u>^</u>
	E
	+
Choices:	
An odd function	
0	
An arran function	A
All even function	
0	
	-
Nither must and d	~
Nether even nor odd	
0	
TIME LEFT	
102	
103	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers?	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices:	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 0	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices:	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 1 1 1	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 1 Infinite	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: O I I I Infinite	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: O O o I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices:	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 Infinite Infinite None Infinite	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
IU3 Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 •	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 31 (Marks: 1) How many real numbers exist between two consecutive integers? Choices: 0 0 1 1 Infinite None	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52
TIME LEFT	Attempted Questions: 30 Total Questions: 52



calculus ir (minisor)	
Question: 33 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 32 Total Questions: 52
The angles which a line makes with positive x ,y and z-axes are known as	*
	-
Choices:	
Direction cosines	4
•	
	-
Direction ratios	
	-
Direction angles	
102	
Calculus II (MTU204)	
calculus ir (mithou)	
Question: 34 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $ \begin{pmatrix} 2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0 \\ \end{pmatrix} $ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $ \begin{pmatrix} 2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0 \\ \end{bmatrix} $ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $ \begin{pmatrix} 2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0 \\ \end{bmatrix} $ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $ \begin{pmatrix} 2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0 \\ \end{bmatrix} $ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate system is , then z-coordinate in rectangular Choices:	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate system is Choices: 0	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Choices: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices: 0 • -2	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices: 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices: 0 • -2	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices: 0 • -2 2	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Cuestion: 34 (Marks: 1) $ \begin{pmatrix} 2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} $ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Cuestion: 34 (Marks: 1) Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices: 0 2 2	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (IIIIIsof) Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices:	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Choices: 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are , then z-coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Question: 34 (Marks: 1) $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{4}, 0\right)$ If the spherical coordinates of a point are coordinate in rectangular coordinate system is Choices: 0 $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52
Choices: Choic	Attempted Questions: 33 Total Questions: 52



Question: 36 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 35 Total Questions: 52
The direction of gradient at any point on the surface is	Attempted questions. 55 Total questions. 52
lane at that point.	
hoices:	
parallel	
perpendicular	
opposite direction	
k Z	
None of these.	ſ
uestion: 37 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 36 Total Questions: 52
wo surfaces are said to be orthogonal at the point of their intersection if their normals at	
at point are	
Parallel	
Perpendicular	
In opposite direction	
Overlapping	
The set of	



Calculus II (MTH301) Ouestion: 39 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 38 Total Questions: 52
	Attempted duestions. 30 Total duestions. 32
Let be the length, width and height of an open rectangular box. The surface area of the box will be	E
	-
Choices:	
A = xy + 2yz + 2xz	Ó
•	
A = yz + 4	ģ
A = xz + yz + zx	
	, u
A = xyz	
0	
TIME LEFT	
99	
Calculus II (MTH301)	Attempted Questions: 20 Total Questions: 52
f(x,y)	Attempted ducations. 33 Total queations. 32
Double integral of a function represents of the region between the surface defined by the function and the plane which contains its domain.	E
Choices:	
Derimeter	
1 children	í.
	C
Volume	
Volume	
Volume	
Volume Area	
Volume Area	
Volume Volume Circumference	
Volume Area Circumference	
Volume Volume Circumference Circumference	
Volume Volume Circumference	



Calculus II (MTH301)		
Question: 42 (Marks: 2)	Attempted Questions: 40	Total Questions: 52
Evaluate		
$\int_{-\pi} \sin nx dx$		
where n is an integer other than zero.		
alculus II (MTH301)		7.1.0
Question: 4.3 (Marks: 2) $E(0) = e^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Attempted Questions: 40	Total Questions: 52
Find Laplace Transform of the function $P(t)$ if $P(t) = t$		Ξ
		-
Calculus II (MTH301)	40	Total Occurring 50
Juesuon: 40 (marks:)	Attempted Questions: 40	Total Questions: 32
Determine the fourier co-efficient ⁴⁰ , of periodic function defined by		
$f(x) = x \qquad 0 < x < 1$		
alenine II (MTH204)		
Question: 46 (Marks: 3)	Attempted Questions: 40	Total Questions: 52
$curl \vec{F} = r^{2}\hat{i} + 4rr^{2}\hat{i} + r^{2}r\hat{k}$		
find , if		



Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 48 (Marks: 3)	Attempted Questions:	40 Total Questions:	52
Find the limit, if (x, y) approaches to $(0, 0)$ along the line $y = x$			ſ
$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{4x^3y}{2x^4+2x^4}$			l
$(z,y) \rightarrow (u, 0) 2x + 3y$			
Answer:			
Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 49 (Marks: 5)	Attempted Questions: 4	10 Total Questions:	52
$\int (x-y) dx + x dy$			1
$y^2 = x$ (4, -2)			=
Evaluate the line integral along from the point to (4, 2)			-
the point			
Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 51 (Marks: 5)	Attempted Questions: 4	10 Total Questions:	52
Determine whether the following vector field \vec{F} is conservative or not.			
$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x^2 z \hat{i} + y^2 x \hat{j} + (y + 2z) \hat{k}$			1
Answer: Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 52 (Marks: 5)	Attempted Questions:	40 Total Questions:	52
df		40	
$f(x, y) = x^2y - y^2$ where $x = t^2$ and $y = 2t$			
Let .Use chain rule to find and express the answer in variable t only.			-



Calculus II (MTR1507)	
Question: 5 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 4 Total Questions: 52
$\vec{r}(t) = t = 1_2 t_{t-1} + t_{t-2}$	
\rightarrow (r+1 .)	
$r(t) = \left(\frac{t+1}{t-1}, t^2, 2t\right)$	
Choices:	
$\vec{r}(t)$, $t=1$	Ó
o is continuous at	
$\vec{r}(\mathbf{D})$	-
e is not defined	
1	
$\vec{r}_{r(1)}$ is defined but does not exist	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
$\vec{r}(1)$ $\lim_{t \to 1} r(t)$ is bound of $r(t)$	
is defined and exists but these two numbers are not equal.	
TIME LEFT	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$?	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$?	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$?	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$?	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$?	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$? Choices:	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when n is odd and $n \ge 3$? Choices: $\frac{5}{2}$ $= (n + 1) (n + 2) (n + 5)$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{1}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{n ≥ 3} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n}x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{n} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{2$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{n ≥ 3} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 8 (Marks: 1) Which one of the following is correct Wallis Sine formula when ⁿ is odd and ^{$n \ge 3$} ? Choices: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{5}{6} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{6} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{(n-1)}{n} \frac{(n-3)}{(n-2)} \frac{(n-5)}{(n-4)} - \dots - \frac{6}{7} \frac{4}{5} \frac{2}{3}$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x dx = \frac{(n)}{(n-1)} \frac{(n-2)}{(n-3)} \frac{(n-4)}{(n-5)} - \dots - \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{2}{1}$ TIME LEFT	Attempted Questions: 7 Total Questions: 52



Calculus II (MTH301)		
Question: 11 (Marks: 1) $f(x) = 4 \sin 2x$	Attempted Questions: 11 Total Questions:	52
What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by ? (4) - range ?		
Choices:		-
2		
•		
		-
4		
•		
		-
8		
•		
		-
16		ŕ
۰	13	
	···	-
TIME LEFT		
Calculus II (MTH301)		9
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$?	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$?	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$?	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$?	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices:	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices: 1	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices:	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices: 1 •	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices: 1	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3 4	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3 4 •	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3 4 •	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3 4 6 1 12	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$? Choices: 1 3 4 • 12	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices: 1 1 3 3 4 12	Attempted Questions: 14 Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 14 (Marks: 1) What is the amplitude of a periodic function defined by $f(x) = 4\cos 3x$? Choices: 1 1 3 3 4 • 12 TIME LEFT 1		52



Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 17 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 16 Total Questions: 52
What is the period of periodic function whose graph is as below?	
Chology	
π	
•	
-π •	Ē
2π	
-2 <i>π</i>	uninum :
•	-
TIME-LEFT 111	
Calculus II (MTH301)	^{به} ه ا
Question: 20 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 19 Total Questions: 52
r ne graph of an even function is symmetrical about	
x-axis	
•	
y-axis	
•	
origin	
TIME LEFT	



Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 23 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 22 Total Questions: 52
What is Laplace transform of the function $F(t)$ if $F(t) = t$?	
Choices:	
$T(t) = \frac{1}{2}$	<u></u>
	-
t = 1	
\circ $\frac{2}{s^2}$	
$L\{t\} = e^{-t}$	
•	
	-
$L\{t\} = s$	
TIME LEFT	
108	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c}^{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1 + y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1,	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0).	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{C} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0).	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{C} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0).	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{C} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0).	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0).	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices:	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: -4	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: -4	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: -4	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 0	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 0	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: -4 0 0	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 4	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: -4 -4 -4 -4 -4 -4 -4 -4 -4 -5 -4 -4 -5 -4 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 4 • 4 • 4 • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (x_0) dx + (1 + y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 0 0 0 Image: Segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Do not exist	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 0 0 2 4 0 Do not exist	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^{2}) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 0 0 4 0 Do not exist Do not exist	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 26 (Marks: 1) $\int_{c} (xy) dx + (1+y^2) dy$ Evaluate the line integral where C is the line segment from (1, 0) to (3, 0). Choices: 4 0 0 0 14 0 Do not exist Do not exist	Attempted Questions: 25 Total Questions: 52



Calculus II (MTH301)	
Question: 29 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 28 Total Questions: 52
Which of the following is true for a periodic function whose graph is as below?	
$\begin{array}{c} & Y \\ \hline \\ X_1 \\ -2\pi \\ -2\pi \\ -\pi \\ 0 \\ \pi_1 \\ 2\pi \\ X \\ \end{array}$	1
Choices:	
Even function	
•	
Odd function	
0	
Neither even nor odd function	
•	-
103	
Calculus II (MTH301)	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1 x = 4	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1 x = 4	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1 x = 4 x = 1	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1 x = 4 x = 1	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 32 (Marks: 1) The axis of symmetry of the parabola $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ is Choices: x = 2 x = -1 x = 4 x = 1	Attempted Questions: 31 Total Questions: 52



Calculus II (MTH301)				
Question: 35 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions:	34	Total Questions:	52
$f(x, y) = \sqrt{y - x}$				Ô
The function is continuous in the region and discontinuous				E
elsewhere.				
				+
Choices:				
$x \neq y$				-
0				
				4
x≤y				-
x>v				*
				*
$x \ge y$				Â
0				
				+
TIME LEFT		10		
101				
Calculus II (MTH301)				
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1)	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52 Î
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a Choices: Saddle point Critical point	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Choices: Cho	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 38 (Marks: 1) For a function to have a relative extremum at a point C, the point must be a Choices: Saddle point Critical point Negative point Stationary point	Attempted Questions:	37	Total Questions:	52



Question: 41 (Marks: 2)	Attempted Questions:	40 Total 0	Questions: 52
Let the functions $P(x, y)$ and $Q(x, y)$ have continuous first partial derivatives inside			
and the boundary C of a region R in the xy-plane. State the condition when the line			
$\int (P dx + Q dy)$			
integral is independent of path.			
Answer:			
AABZUEEEE			
Calculus II (MTH301)			
Question: 44 (Marks: 2)	Attempted Questions:	40 Total Qu	uestions: 52
$f(x, y) = f(x, y) = xe^{x^2 + 5xy + y^3}$			
Find the domain of where			
			1
Calculus II (MTH301)			
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3)	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	estions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	uestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	estions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	vestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	vestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	Jestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. 2 0 1 2 3 4 5	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	estions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qı	Jestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 Calculus II (MTH301)	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu	estions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 50 (Marks: 5)	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu 40 Total Q	uestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. 2 0 1 2 3 4 5 Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 50 (Marks: 5) Determine the fourier co-efficient ^b _n of the following periodic function.	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu 40 Total Q	uestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. 2 a a a a a a a a	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu 40 Total Q	uestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. $\begin{array}{c} 2\\ \hline \\ 0\\ \hline \\ 1\\ 2\\ \hline \end{array}$ Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 50 (Marks: 5) Determine the fourier co-efficient $\begin{array}{c} b_x\\ of the following periodic function. \\ f(x) = x \qquad 0 < x < 1 \end{array}$	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu 40 Total Q	uestions: 52
Calculus II (MTH301) Question: 47 (Marks: 3) Define the periodic function whose graph is shown below. $\begin{array}{c} \hline \\ 2 \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 2 \\ \hline \\ 3 \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 2 \\ \hline \\ 3 \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 2 \\ \hline \\ 3 \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ \hline$	Attempted Questions: 4	40 Total Qu 40 Total Q	uestions: 52
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by Anjum Amjad on February 28, 2016 at 3:20pm



paper bohat asan tha 95% past paper me se tha except Laplace transform because wo lecture exclude h gaye thay

me ne Q bhi post krne the but mere sath bad luck hui bcz during my paper i have change 3 PCs bcz kisi ka mouse sahi nhi tha kisi ka keyboard saho kam nhi kerta tha bht mushkil se operate kya aur isi wajah se mere Q bhi Miss ho gaye

kuch Qs yad han wo share kr deta hon

double integral tha with limits asan tha but I miss due to above reason

divergent vector me se tha 2 Q thay

curl vector se bhi tha 2 Q thay

critical point ka bhi 1 Q tha

arc length se bhi 2 Q thay

1 parabola ka tha symmtry btani thi

please mujhe koi btae k Complain kis ko krni ha head office me email address btaen.?

bcz jo mere sath hua wo kisi aur k sath na ho my campus is VLHR01

MTH301 Final Term Paper shared by Student

on February 29, 2016 at 11:17pm

40 to 50% paper, from past papers. graph say related questions b thay MCQS main aur subjective main b. So don't rely on only past papers....Best of Luck.

paper bohat asan tha 95% past paper me se tha except Laplace transform because wo lecture exclude h gaye thay

me ne Q bhi post krne the but mere sath bad luck hui bcz during my paper i have change 3 PCs bcz kisi ka mouse sahi nhi tha kisi ka keyboard saho kam nhi kerta tha bht mushkil se operate kya aur isi wajah se mere



Q bhi Miss ho gaye kuch Qs yad han wo share kr deta hon double integral tha with limits asan tha but I miss due to above reason divergent vector me se tha 2 Q thay curl vector se bhi tha 2 Q thay critical point ka bhi 1 Q tha arc length se bhi 2 Q thay 1 parabola ka tha symmtry btani thi







www.ranapk.com

Find Laplace transform ((2 marks) F(2) = Sin 27 Wallis Sine theorem (2 marks) J sin 5 x dx 3 Find a.b (2 monto) A= 3-2j+k $b = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ 4 Give Equation of Cueve (2 morks) X = 3n Y= 3x2 For which values 0 of y these curves intersect each other. 2) 5 Find Laplace Transform $3 \operatorname{mark}$ $F(t) = e^{it} \operatorname{Sin} 3t$ $(Q_6 g = f(\pi))$ (3 marks) $\chi = \chi(r,s)$ Chain Rule for 2, 09 AS



Are length of the (3 mortes curve Jam Correct F(t)= a cost i + a sint j when OLPRET 18 (3 mark) $\frac{1}{2}\left(\sin^{3}x + \sin^{4}n\right)\chi\right)$ V(r) dt (5 marths) V(x, y, z) = xyz Over auve given by $\vec{r}(t) = 3\vec{t}\vec{\lambda} + t\hat{j} + t^{\dagger}\vec{k}$ oLtL $\int y dx + (x+y) dy$ (5 mart) c alone Y=x2+2x From the point (0,0) to the point (2,8)



(AU 11 (Smoore) f(n,) Sin x Z + Y x= 3=t y= Stet Find of Simplifying as bunchien of Sand t Q12 Fourier cofficient br of Periodre Function (5 monthe) F(n)=x DLNC1.



mohsen eman on August 26, 2014 at 11:30pm

THIS IS PAPER OF M.TARIQ BHAI.VERY OLD SHARE (from 2011)

BUT REALLLY AWSOME HERE:

Mth301 Calculus 2 11-feb-2012 Paper

Q1.Evalute the double integral

Q2. Check whether the function has relative minima or relative maxima

Yaha per sub kuch diya gaya hai jese bus hame equate ker k maloom kerna hai kya hai ye either maxima or minama

Q3.find the curl of the vector function examples of page 174 handout

Lecture 34.

Q4. Line integral se aik question aaya tha lecture 31 page 159,160 handout

Q5.wallis sine formula

Q6 periods se question bohat saray the.

- Q7.check whether the function is even or odd
- Q8. find the limit of the function of 3 variable xyz

Q9. r(t) = (cost)i + (sint)j + 2k 0 < =t < =2pi

Mcqs

- 1. Lecture 27 k saray graph hai wo sub k graph or equations yad ker le us me se mere 3 4 mcqs aaye the sirf graph select kerna tha ya graph diya gaya tha equation select kerni thi
- 2. is that exact differential or not true or false tha



- 3. Periods se 8 10 mcqs aaye the hame ye select kerna tha k iski equation kya hogi jo image di gae hai uska amplitude kya hai, uska uska period kya hai yani is tarah se question aaye the
- 4. fourier series se mcqs aaye the
- 5. check where function is even or odd
- 6. laplace correction se 2 mcqs aaye the
- 7. wallis sine formula se 2 mcqs aaye the

mohsen eman on August 30, 2014 at 1:16am

Dera ghazi khan

28 august 8:00

Subjective

First 4 questions of 2 marks

1 was about laplace teorem

2 was I think about laplace theorem

3 was to evaluate integral.also something about line segment was written

4 was to use wallis theorem

Then 4 questions of 3 marks

1. Find new integral after order is changed

 $2.F(t) = e^{2t} \sin 3t$ then find laplace

3.Is this exact or not.dont remember what

4. Question about curl.

Then 4 questions of 5 marks

1.fourier series



2.also fourier series

3.chain rule

4.Evaluate integral

MTH301 Final Term Paper shared by Student

mohsen eman on August 30, 2014 at 1:23am

ALSO

MCQs TOTAL WERE 40

There were 4 graph questions

A question of odd function

There were 3 about Laplace transform

And 2 about Laplace inverse transform

1 about domain

1 coordinate related

1 octant related

If f(x) = so and so then so and so

1 was about disk equation

Equation related to who?euler, gausis,laplace or strokes

1 about derivative

1 about absolute extrema

1 about doubal integral

3 on polar equation (radius,angle)



- 1 was about integral of sum of partial derivatives
- 1 was about vectors
- 1was for defining integral of partiall derivative
- Derivative was given find vector value function such that function is continuous
- Derivative of vector value function
- Find integral
- Integral of circular path
- When is vector field value constant
- I think one was to find line integral of a scalar with respect to vector
- 1 was about wallis sine
- Hope these suffic for you J

MTH301 – Calculus 2 Fall 2012 Final term Current Paper <u>03/Feb/2012</u>

Total 52 40 mcqs 12 questions

Question No: 01

Prove whether the following function is even, odd or neither.

 $f(x) = x^3 + 4x$



Question No: 02

Find
$$\vec{F}$$
, if $\vec{F} = (3x + y)\hat{i} + xy^2z\hat{j} + (xz^2)\hat{k}$

Question No: 03

Determine the fourier co-efficient $\overset{a_0}{}$ of the following function.

$$f(x) = x^2 \qquad \qquad 0 < x < 2\pi$$

Question No: 04

$$\int_{C} \frac{1}{1+x} ds, \qquad x = t , \ y = \frac{2}{3}t^{\frac{3}{2}} , \ 0 \le t \le 3$$

Compute

where C is the curve

Question No: 05

$$\prod_C \vec{F} d\vec{r} ,$$

Use Stokes theorem to evaluate the integral

where $\vec{F} = 2z\hat{i} + 3x\hat{j} + 5y\hat{k}$, C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

In the xy-plane with counter clockwise orientation looking down the positive z-axis.

Question No: 06

$$\overrightarrow{F} = x^2 \, \widehat{i} - 2 \, \widehat{j} + yz \, \widehat{k} \quad . \label{eq:F}$$
 Given
$$\overrightarrow{F} \, .$$

Question No: 07

Determine the Fourier coefficients $a_0, a_n and b_n$ for a periodic function of period 2^{π} defined by



$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} -x & -\pi \le x < 0\\ 0 & 0 \le x < \pi \end{cases}$$

Question No: 08

$$\left(\sqrt{3},\frac{\pi}{3},\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

Consider the point in spherical coordinate system. Find the rectangular coordinates of this point.

Baki question ziyada tar Periodic equation se aye the is k ilawa parametric equation or wallis formula or fourier series se aye the or 1 do the baki MCQs toh sab new the koi bhi past paper se nahi aya tha!

MTH301 Final Term Paper shared by Student

on February 11, 2012 at 10:46pm

Mth301 Calculus 2 11-feb-2012 Paper

Q1.Evalute the double integral

Q2. Check whether the function has relative minima or relative maxima

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Q3.find the curl of the vector function examples of page 174 handout

Lecture 34.



- Q4. Line integral se aik question aaya tha lecture 31 page 159,160 handout
- Q5.wallis sine formula

Q6 periods se question bohat saray the.

Q7.check whether the function is even or odd

Q8. find the limit of the function of 3 variable xyz

Q9. r(t) = (cost)i + (sint)j + 2k 0 < =t < =2pi

Mcqs

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- 4. fourier series se mcqs aaye the
- 5. check where function is even or odd
- 6. laplace correction se 2 mcqs aaye the
- 7. wallis sine formula se 2 mcqs aaye the

MTH301 Final Term Paper 2012 shared by Student

Q1. Evalute the double integral $\iint f(x) dx dy$

Q2. Check whether the function has relative minima or relative maxima

Yaha per sub kuch diya gaya hai jese $f_{xx} f_{yy} f_{xy} f_{yx}$ bus hame equate ker k maloom kerna hai kya hai ye either maxima or minama

Q3.find the curl of the vector function examples of page 174 handout

Lecture 34.

Q4. Line integral se aik question aaya tha lecture 31 page 159,160 handout



Q5.wallis sine formula $\int \sin^6 x dx$

Q6 periods se question bohat saray the.

- Q7.check whether the function is even or odd
- Q8. find the limit of the function of 3 variable xyz
- Q9. r(t)= (cost)i+(sint)j+2k 0<=t<=2pi

Mcqs

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