VU Medical Zone

ZOO 505 Final Terms M.C.Q Fall 2020

1has revolutionized the biological sciences as well especially in the fields of Health Sciences and
Agricultural Sciences. Molecular Biology
2. Membranes are lipid—protein assemblies in which the components are held together in a thin sheet bybonds. Non-covalent
3. More thanpercent of the membrane's carbohydrate is covalently linked to proteins to form glycoproteins. 9
4. For each ATP hydrolyzed, three sodium ions are pumped out as potassium ions are pumped in. Two
5. Intermediate filaments are a chemically heterogeneous group of structures that in humans, are encoded by
approximately different genes. 70
6. An E. coli chromosome is estimated to have aboutsuper-coiled loops. 400
7. Which one of the following is an important stabilizing force in the chromatin? Electrostatic force
8. Which process is the basic process that ensures the continuity of life? Cell division
9. Which model for DNA replication proposed that the two parental strands separate and that each then serves as a
template for a new progeny strand? Watson-Crick
10. The new DNA strand directed by this template is known as Lagging strand
11. Number of Origin of replication is depends upon the Organism
12. The center sequence of central dogma DNA-RNA-Protein
13. Bacteria have only a single RNA polymerase, whereas eukaryotic cells haveRNA polymerases. Three
14. A is the DNA sequence that initially binds to the RNA polymerase. Promoter
15. Non coding region in the mRNA is called Intron
16. The sequences calledtrigger the elongating polymerase to dissociate from the DNA and release the
RNA chain. Terminators
17. There are 27 of these repeats in the yeast Pol II CTD,in the worm Caenorhabditis elegans,in the fly
Drosophila, and in humans. 32, 45, 52
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18. Crystal structure of the head module of yeast Mediator reveals that it containssubunits. 7
19. Which one of the following is factors is required factors? SL1 and UBF
20stimulating transcription from the core promoter by recruiting Pol I. SL1
21. Which one of the following is stop codon? UAA
22. ORF stands for Open frame reading
23. Transfer RNA accounts for some of all cellular RNA. 10%
24. Theis the binding site for the aminoacylated-tRNA. A-site
25. Common mechanism used by many proteins to stimulateattack of carbonyl groups. Nucleophilic
26are removed during RNA maturation. Introns
27. RNA Polymerases function only in the presence of DNA
28. The space in the active center cleft, which may be occupied either by region 1.1 or by DNA, is highly
charged. Positively
'40'.
$^{\prime\prime}6\gamma$
11 Megical Ion.